



Appendix A: Table 4. Recommendations for Application of Standard Precautions for the Care of All Patients in All Healthcare Settings

Guideline for Isolation Precautions: Preventing Transmission of Infectious Agents in Healthcare Settings (2007)

WHAT TO KNOW

Below is a table showing recommendations for standard precautions in all healthcare settings.

Table 4

Component	Recommendations
Hand hygiene	After touching blood, body fluids, secretions, excretions, contaminated items; immediately after removing gloves; between patient contacts.
Personal protective equipment (PPE): Gloves	During procedures and patient-care activities when contact of clothing/exposed skin with blood/body fluids, secretions, and excretions is anticipated.
Personal protective equipment (PPE): Gown	During procedures and patient-care activities when contact of clothing/exposed skin with blood/body fluids, secretions, and excretions is anticipated.
Personal protective equipment (PPE): Mask, eye protection (goggles), face shield	During procedures and patient-care activities likely to generate splashes or sprays of blood, body fluids, secretions, especially suctioning, endotracheal intubation. During aerosol-generating procedures on patients with suspected or proven infections transmitted by respiratory aerosols wear a fit-tested N95 or higher respirator in addition to gloves, gown and face/eye protection.
Soiled patient-care equipment	Handle in a manner that prevents transfer of microorganisms to others and to the environment; wear gloves if visibly contaminated; perform hand hygiene.
Environmental control	Develop procedures for routine care, cleaning, and disinfection of environmental surfaces, especially frequently touched surfaces in patient-care areas.
Textiles and laundry	Handle in a manner that prevents transfer of microorganisms to others and to the environment
Needles and other sharps	Do not recap, bend, break, or hand-manipulate used needles; if recapping is required, use a one-handed scoop technique only; use safety features when available; place used sharps in puncture-resistant container
Patient resuscitation	Use mouthpiece, resuscitation bag, other ventilation devices to prevent contact with mouth

and oral secretions Patient placement Prioritize for single-patient room if patient is at increased risk of transmission, is likely to contaminate the environment, does not maintain appropriate hygiene, or is at increased risk of acquiring infection or developing adverse outcome following infection. Respiratory hygiene/cough etiquette Instruct symptomatic persons to cover mouth/nose when sneezing/coughing; use tissues (source containment of infectious and dispose in no-touch receptacle; observe hand hygiene after soiling of hands with respiratory secretions in symptomatic respiratory secretions; wear surgical mask if tolerated or maintain spatial separation, >3 patients, beginning at initial point of feet if possible. encounter e.g., triage and reception areas in emergency departments and physician offices) (See Sections II.D.-II.J. and III.A.1) **READ NEXT** Table 5. Protective Environment





Partly

No

Isolation Precautions Guideline
Table 1. History of Isolation Guidelines
Table 2. Transmission-Based Precautions
Table 3. Bioterrorist Threats
Table 5. Protective Environment

Figure. Safe Donning and Removal of PPE